

2024/25 Budget consultation

Summary Report



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Somerset Council - 2024/25 Budget consultation - Summary report

3

Key findings

Lobbying government

The public are clearly in favour of Somerset Council lobbying government for change. It was the top preference of respondents over other actions we could take to help balance our budget.

Results showed 89% of people are in favour of lobbying for more social care funding, and 84% in favour of lobbying for action to fix the local government funding system.

Council Tax, fees and charges

Overall the results suggest the public are generally supportive of increases to Council Tax, fees and charges, even though raising Council Tax was one of the lowest preferences for balancing our budget (compared to options like lobbying Government or generating income).

When asked if people supported raising Council Tax in line with the unitary average if it meant protecting services and jobs, a clear majority (51%) were in favour of doing so (33% against).

When asked how much extra Council Tax they would be willing to pay, just 27% opted for 'no increase'. The top preference was for total rise of 4.99%.

Half of all respondents thought we should increase fees and charges, while 51% were in favour of introducing new charges for services which are currently free.

Priorities and concerns

Waste: Household waste recycling centres were the most used service, and two thirds of respondents did not think we should consider making savings in waste services. A clear majority (79%) of respondents were against any proposal to reduce the number of waste recycling centres. We also received many comments raising concerns about fly-tipping.

Highways and transport: The top concern raised was the condition of roads and pavements, while 54% said they were dissatisfied with current maintenance levels. Two thirds of respondents were against making savings in this area, and 81% of people thought reducing highways maintenance would have a negative impact on their community. Respondents said that preventative and reactive road maintenance, as well as drainage maintenance, are important. We also received many comments in support of buses.

Additional comments

The free text responses gave people the chance to suggest alternative ways we could save money, reduce services or generate income. There are some key themes:

Staffing and pay: Many comments suggested reducing the number of managers and lowering the pay of senior staff.

Fees and charges: There were many comments suggesting increased charges for services like parking and garden waste, generating income by renting out offices or meeting rooms, and increasing Council Tax for second home owners.

Improved ways of working: Across all areas we received many comments about getting value for money by reviewing how services are run, reducing waste (such as use of contractors), bringing services in-house, investing in prevention, and selling assets and unused offices.

No cuts to services: Many comments suggested services should not be reduced, particularly in areas like waste, road maintenance, community services, public transport, and those which look after vulnerable people.

Consultation context

Somerset Council's 2024/25 budget consultation was launched in December 2023. The aim was to increase understanding of local government funding and the services the council provides, while also seeking the public's views on potential savings options as the council looks to set a balanced budget in February 2024.

In November last year, Somerset Council declared a financial emergency with a projected budget gap of £100m for 2024/25.

Local authorities legally have to deliver a balanced budget and so cannot spend more money than is available.

Both nationally and in Somerset, the cost of delivering services is increasing significantly faster than income, particularly for statutory services like social care for both adults and children.

Our income comes from Council Tax, government grants, and fees and charges such as parking charges and planning fees. Somerset has an historically low level of Council Tax, below the national average and less than neighbouring authorities in Bristol, Dorset, Cornwall, Plymouth, and Bath and North East Somerset.

We have been open and transparent about the challenges we are facing. Ahead of budgetsetting in February this year and before any decisions are made, we invited residents, businesses and stakeholders to share their views on a range of high-level options that could contribute towards balancing the budget.

We also asked for options not yet considered and encouraged feedback on the potential impact of the general approach to budget setting.

This report summarises the findings of the consultation exercise.

Methodology

- The budget consultation ran for six weeks from 11 December 2023 to 22 January 2024 and was widely promoted through a variety of online and offline channels.
- Information packs were made available online and in libraries. Structured responses were gathered using the council's consultation platform and informal responses have been gathered via email, comments on social media posts and letters.
- We held four in-person briefing events specifically for businesses. These were attended by both Members and Officers and held in Taunton, Bridgwater, Frome and Yeovil to give a wide geographical spread. There was also a virtual event for those who could not attend in person. These were attended by representatives from 46 businesses.
- The consultation received 5,841 responses via the consultation survey, 17 emails/ letters and nearly 400 comments on social media. We are also aware of a petition about a specific saving associated with Yeovil Rec which has so far generated more than 13,900 signatures.
- Of the responses submitted via the online survey, 5,190 were from people who described themselves as residents of Somerset, 353 from Somerset Council employees, 152 from organisations, groups or businesses, and 82 from Councillors.
- This report summarises the key findings and provides comparative demographic analysis from the Somerset Council Budget Consultation 2024-2025. Notable demographic variances from the average response are also highlighted, including comparison to the demographic profile of Somerset.
- As this was an open consultation, the respondents are not a representative sample of the Somerset population. Most of the consultation questions were optional, and if 'no response' was provided to a question, this was not included in the analysis. As such, the totals for each question generally add up to less than the total number of respondents who replied via the consultation survey.

A note on verbatim coding

To manage the number of free text responses to open-ended questions, we used an inductive approach from a sample of replies to create 'tags' showing the key themes. This means the themes were developed from the responses themselves and were not predetermined based on expectations to avoid any bias in the analysis.

Communications and promotion

- Press releases and widespread media coverage
- Dedicated consultation page on the Somerset Council website
- Somerset Council e-newsletters
- Waste Services social media and e-newsletter
- Multiple organic posts on all Council social media platforms, totalling 123,382 impressions and 11,430 engagements
- Somerset libraries
- Cascaded details through elected members, staff, partner organisations (including parish, town and city councils, Police, Fire, Health, schools, and community groups)
- Promoted to staff on the intranet homepage and at Staff Q&A and Leadership Briefings
- Business briefings, in-person and virtual
- Including in the weekly Provider Briefing, which goes all care providers, RCPA's newsletter which goes to Registered Care Provider Association members and the school's newsletter
- Posted on the Support Services for Schools (SSE) website









Press Release

<u>Have your say on council budget setting</u>

Have your say on the Budge

Consultation - Closing January

and businesses the chance to have their say as the authority faces a financial

change, for school staff, autumn 2023

Director Education, Partnerships and Skills

A message from Dr Rob Hart, Service

07/09/2022

🛱 Latest from this team

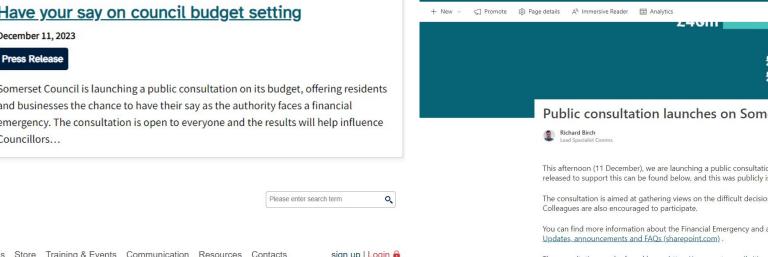


unprecedented action" to bridge a £100m budget gap by use of reserves gnificant savings, a Council Tax increase of 10%, and the sale of council assets to





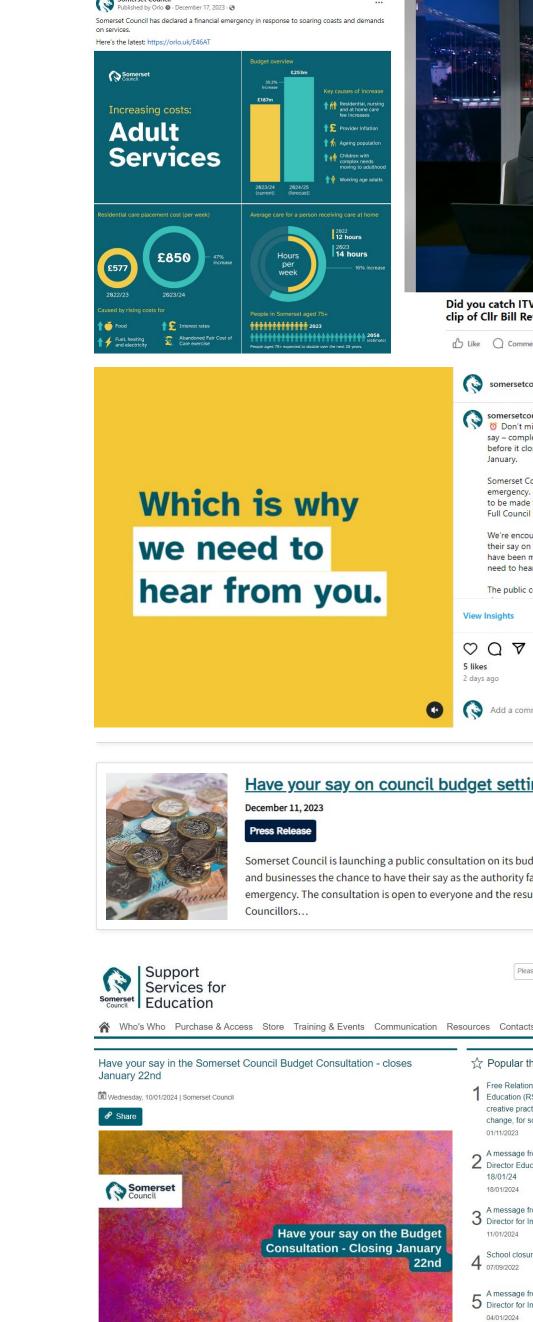
Difficult decisions will have to be made to set a balanced budget this February.

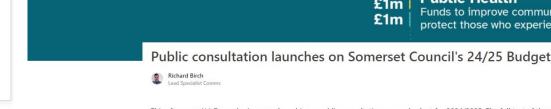












released to support this can be found below, and this was publicly issued at 5pm on 11 December

he consultation is aimed at gathering views on the difficult decisions which may need to be taken in order to set a balanced budget

So far no decisions have been made

Take part in our budget consultation to help inform councillors before they make decisions

Use link or QR code bit.ly/BudgetConsultation24

Closes on 22 January

Demographic analysis

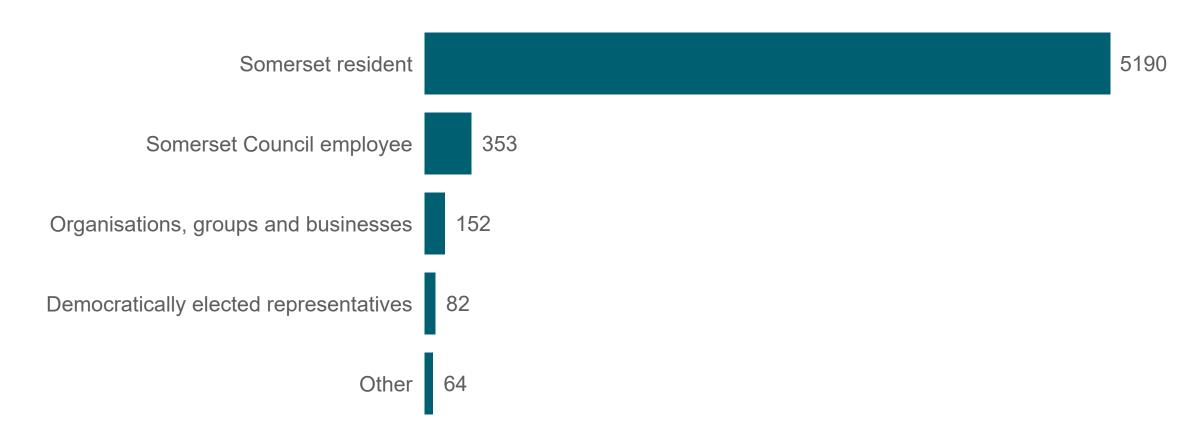
To understand how views may vary among different demographics, we have identified several groups for the more detailed analyses in this report.

In most cases 'not answered' has been removed.

The graphs showing the demographic breakdown on this page compare the consultation respondents to the overall population of Somerset according to census data.

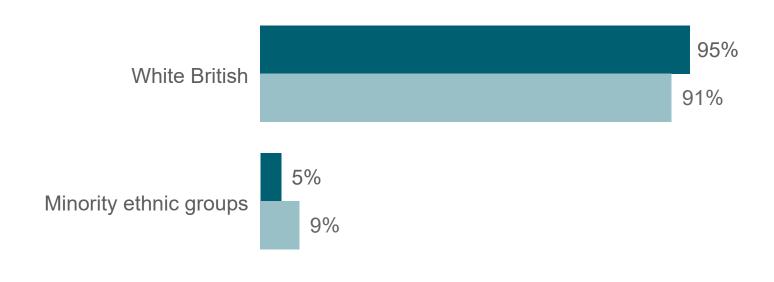
This shows there is a slight over-representation of female respondents when compared to the Somerset population. It also shows people with disabilities are slightly under-represented, although it should be noted there were around 9% of respondents who selected 'prefer not to say'.

Number of respondents by group



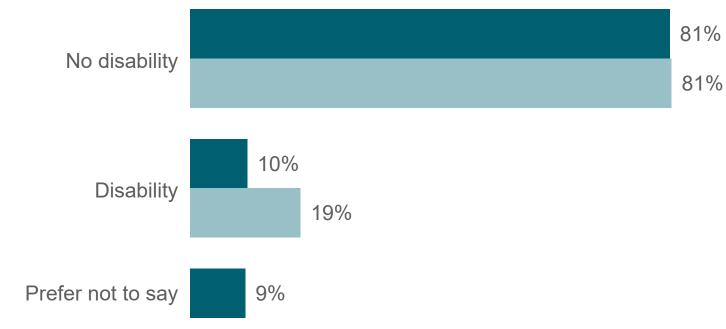
Respondents' ethnic groups, compared to Somerset population (Census 2021)

Consultation respondentsSomerset population



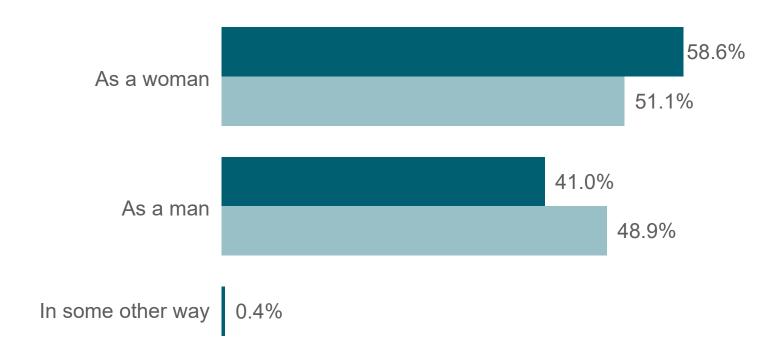
Proportion of respondents who said they had a disability compared to Somerset population (Census 2021)

● Consultation respondents ● Somerset population



Respondents' sex identity compared to Somerset population (Census 2021)



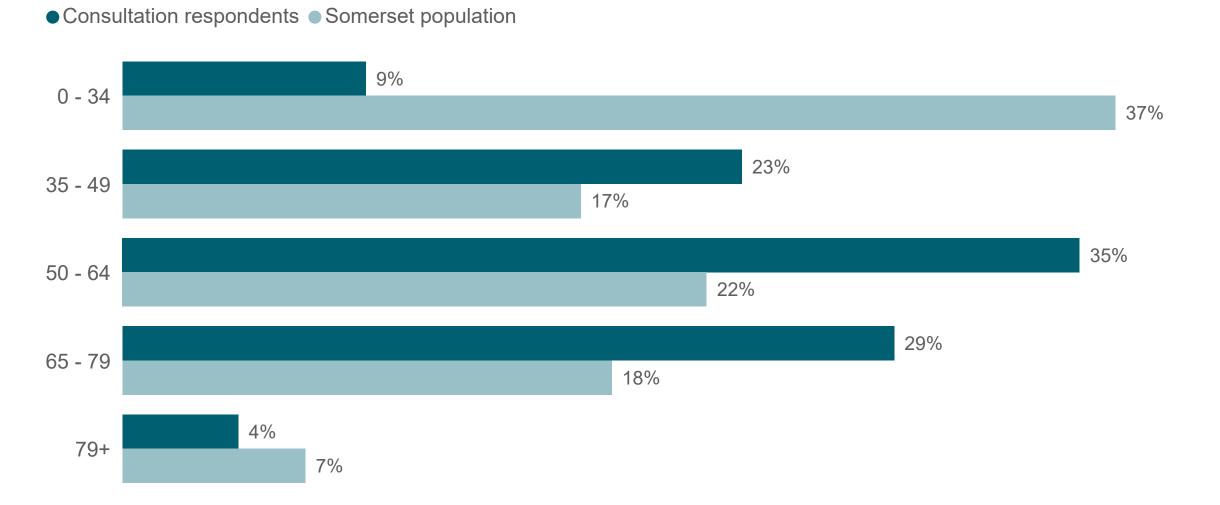


Demographic analysis

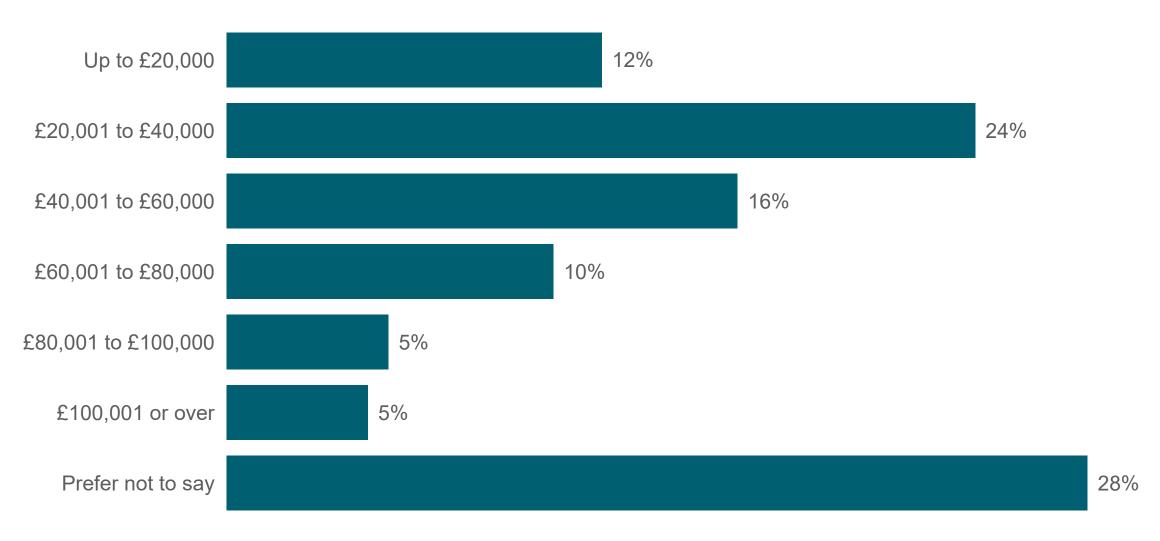
The age data should be used with caution due to the relatively low number of respondents aged under 34, and particularly aged under 24. The results clearly show that young people's views are under-represented throughout the survey and people over the age of 50 are over-represented. Efforts were made to promote the survey to younger people through channels such as social media and school newsletters, but these results are not unexpected with a consultation of this nature.

We also gathered data on household income to compare responses to questions about Council Tax. Overall 28% of respondents selected 'prefer not to say', 36% of respondents said they have a household income of under £40,000, 26% have a household income of between £40k to £80k, and 10% over £80k.

Respondents' age profile compared to Somerset population (Census 2021)



Respondents by household income



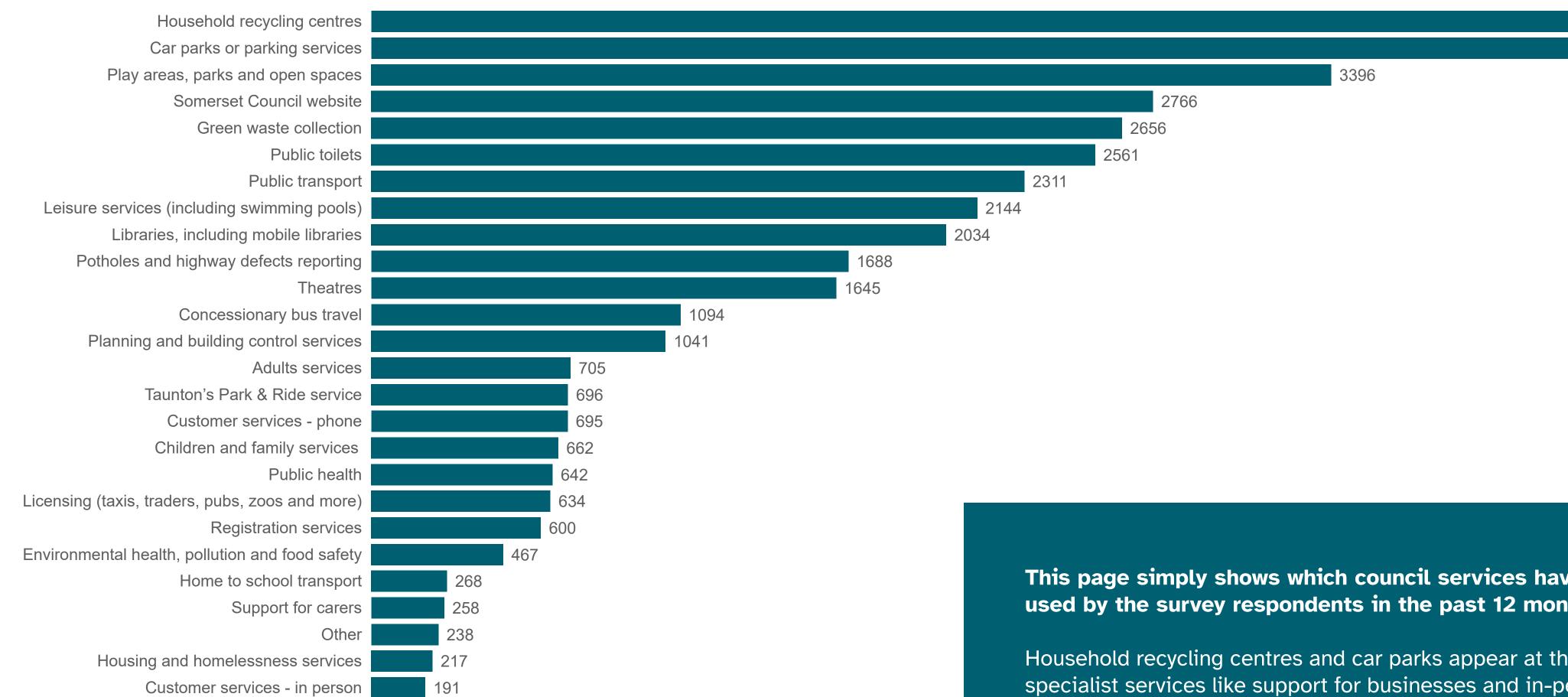
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Economic development and support for businesses

4840

4460

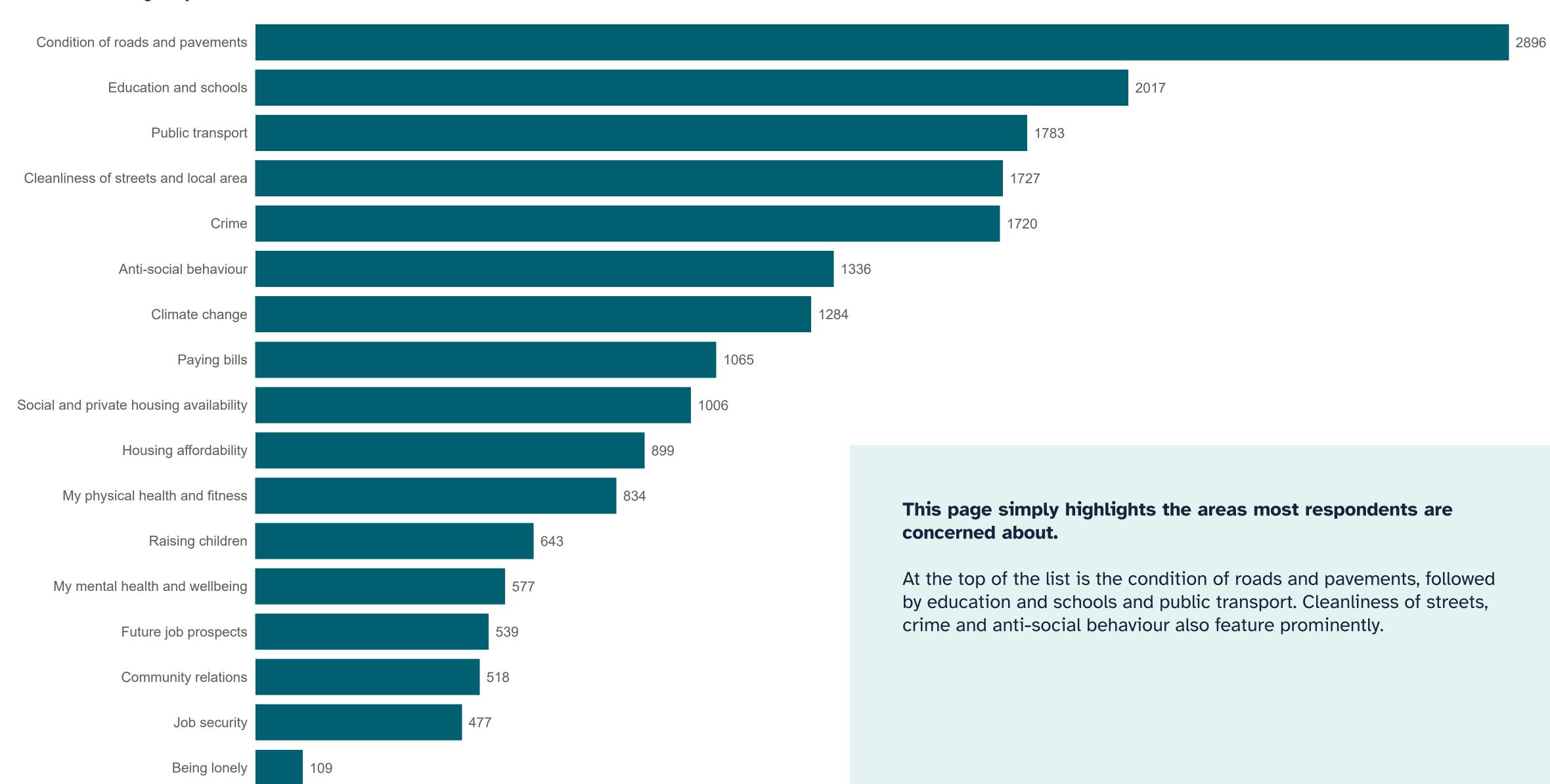
Services used in past 12 months



This page simply shows which council services have been most used by the survey respondents in the past 12 months.

Household recycling centres and car parks appear at the top, with more specialist services like support for businesses and in-person customer services used by fewer respondents.

Which of the following are you concerned about?



Budget preferences

In this section we asked the public to consider various actions we could take to help balance our budget by ranking options in order of preference.

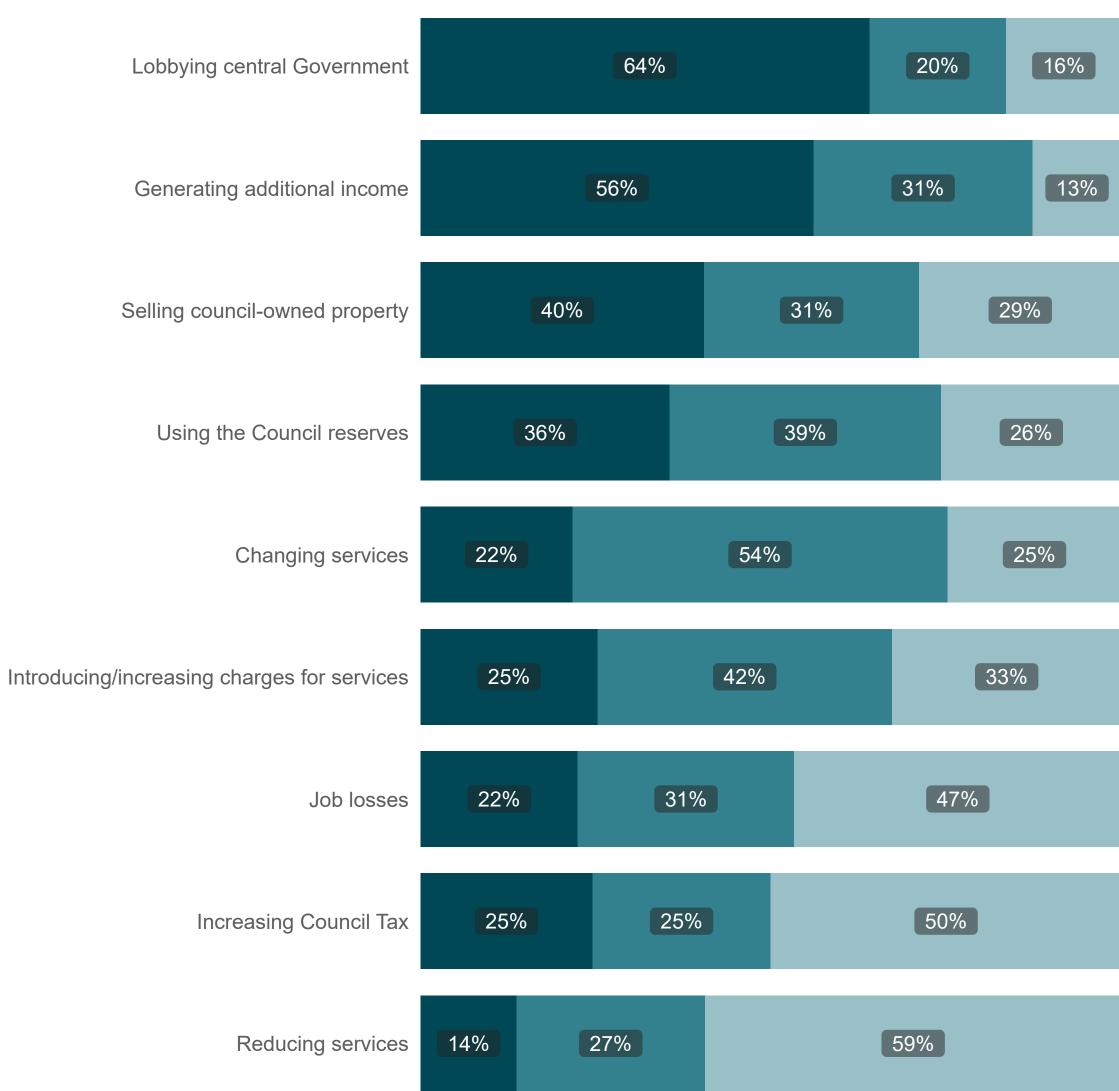
The graph shows the preferences in order.

There is strong support from respondents for Somerset Council to lobby central government to change the laws on local government funding. Other preferences include generating additional income and selling council-owned property.

The least popular options were increasing council tax, job losses and reducing services.

● Top 3 preference ● Mid-range preference ● Bottom 3 preference

Order of preference for budget options



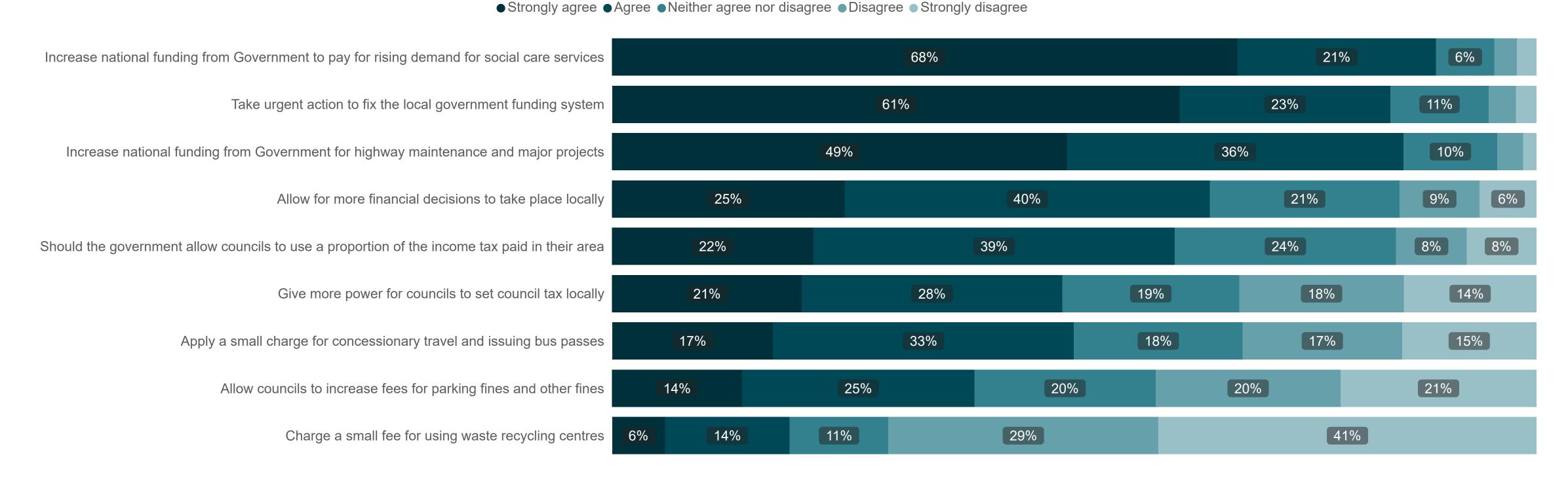
Lobbying Government

In this section we asked for views on lobbying and gave options of areas where we could call for the Government to make changes to national policy.

Respondents are strongly in favour of Somerset Council lobbying for an increase in national funding to pay for rising demand in social care services. They were also supportive of us calling for action to fix the local government funding system, and for an increase in national funding for highway maintenance and major projects.

The other notable result regards charging a small fee to use household waste recycling centres with a clear majority either disagreeing or strongly disagreeing. This corresponds with the high proportion of respondents who said they have used recycling centres in the past 12 months.

To what extent do you agree or disagree that Somerset Council should lobby the Government for change in the following areas?



Council Tax

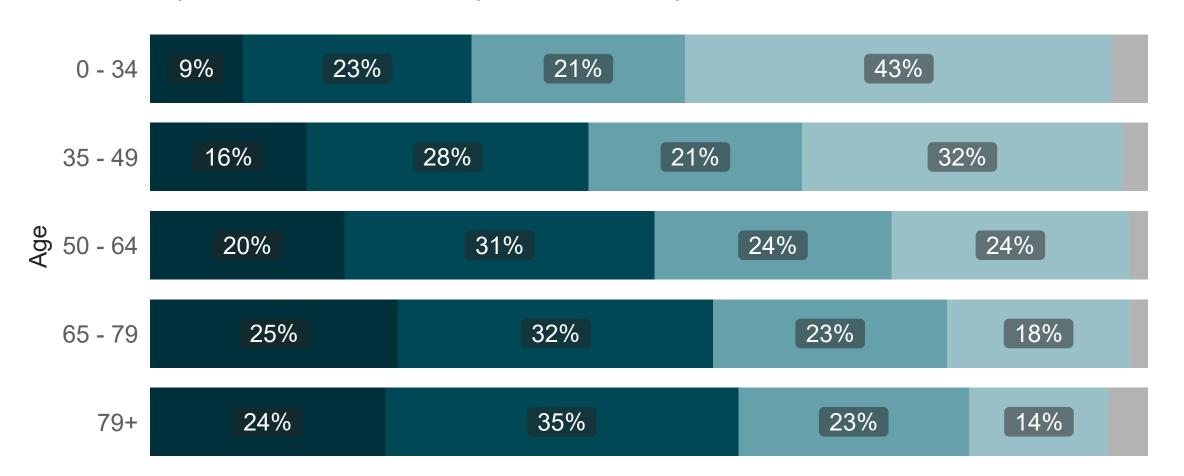
Council Tax is the main income source for local councils but the ability for councils to increase Council Tax is carefully controlled by the government. In this section we asked whether Somerset residents would be happy to consider paying more in Council Tax if it was permitted.

Overall, the results show most respondents were in favour of an increase, with 19% in favour of a rise by more than 4.99%, 29% in favour of a rise of 4.99% and 23% of a rise by less than 4.99%. Just over a quarter of respondents (27%) preferred no increase in Council Tax.

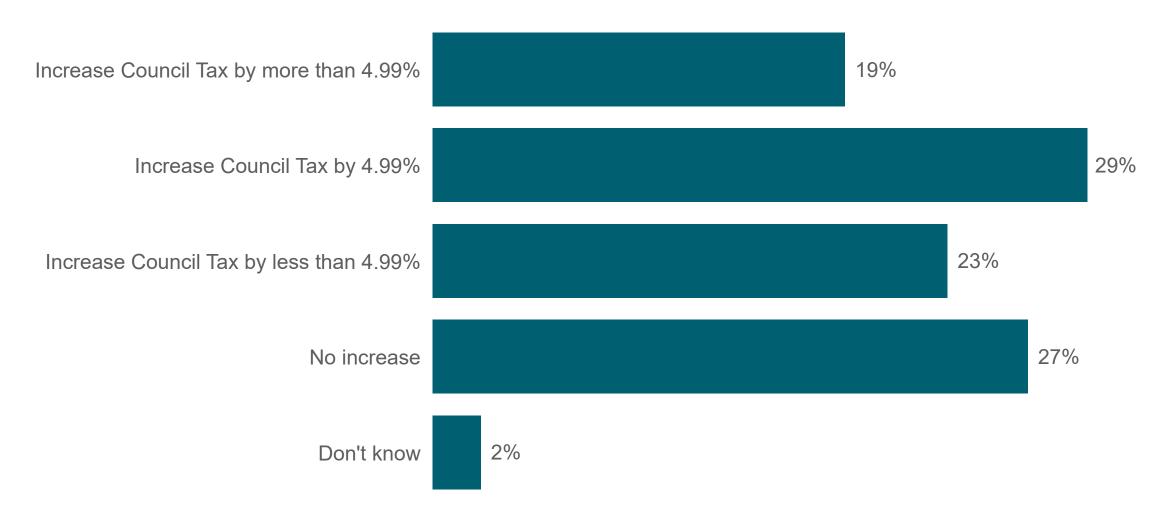
When broken down by age, the results showed the older people were the more likely they were to support a higher rise in Council Tax. When split by household income, the higher the household income, the more likely respondents were to support a higher increase.

Preferred council tax increase, by age

● Increase by more than 4.99% ● Increase by 4.99% ● Increase by less than 4.99% ● No increase ● Don't know

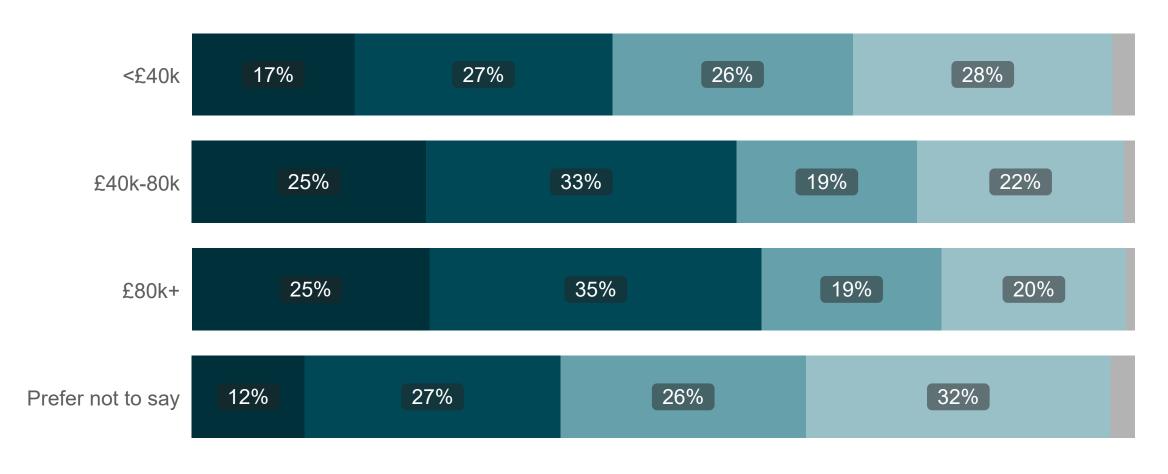


Preferred council tax increase



Preferred council tax increase, by household income

• Increase by more than 4.99% ● Increase by 4.99% ● Increase by less than 4.99% ● No increase ● Don't know



Council Tax

We also asked people if they would support a rise in Council Tax to put Somerset in line with other unitary councils if it led to fewer service cuts and job losses.

Again, the majority was supportive with more than half (51%) of respondents either strongly in favour, or in favour of an increase. Around a third (33%) were against, either strongly disagreeing or disagreeing with a rise.

When split by age, the results again showed that older people were more likely to agree or strongly agree with a rise in Council Tax.

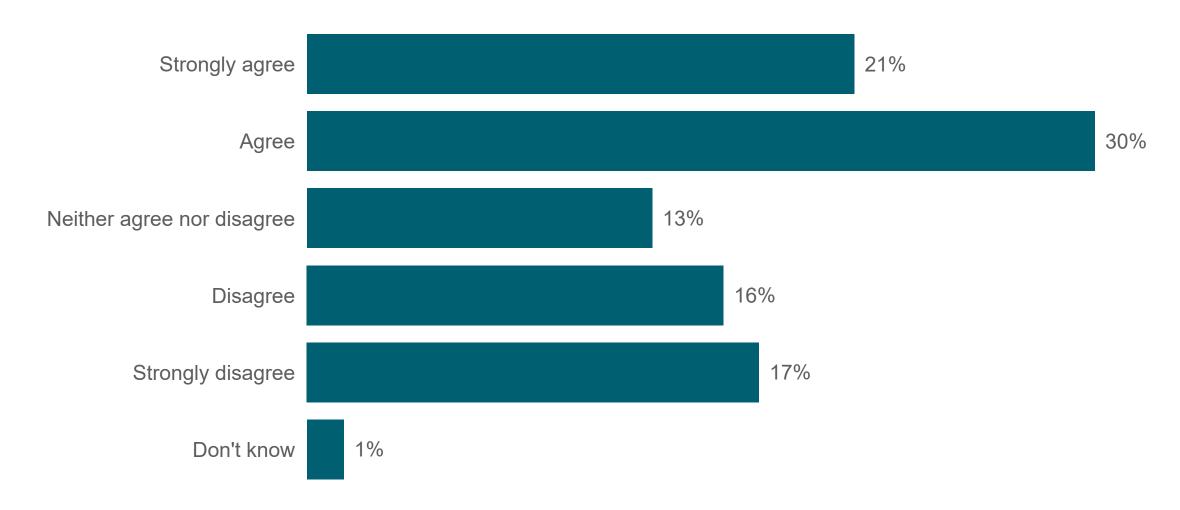
In terms of household income, higher earners were generally more supportive of Council Tax increases, although it should be noted that 50% of those with a household income under £40k were still supportive of a Council Tax increase.

Would you agree to a rise in Council Tax, to put Somerset in line with the national average for a unitary authority, if it led to fewer service cuts and job losses? Responses by age

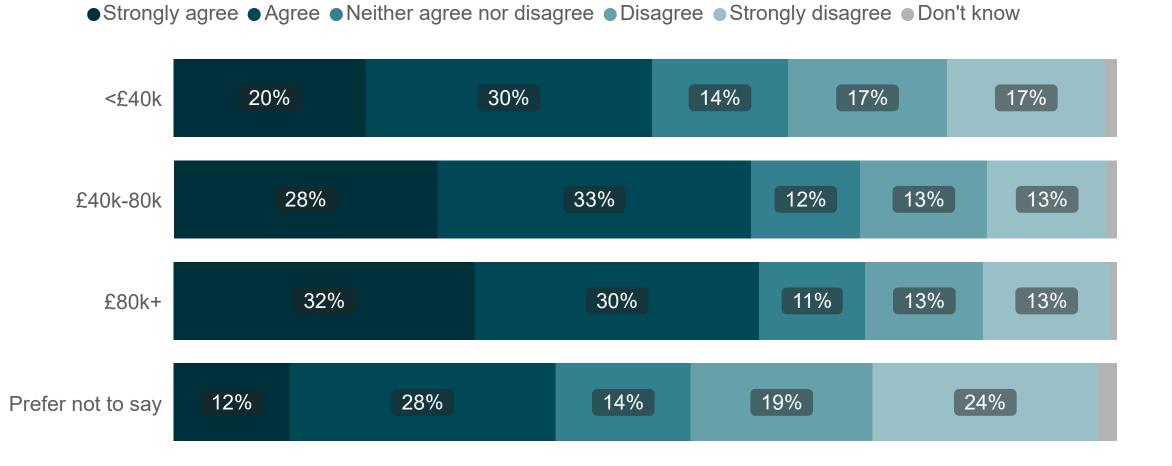
● Strongly agree ● Agree ● Neither agree nor disagree ● Disagree ● Strongly disagree ● Don't know

21% 10% 16% 32% 17% 0 - 34 12% 16% 18% 22% 32% 35 - 49 50 - 64 14% 16% 21% 31% 16% 13% 14% 15% 31% 65 - 79 25% 7% 12% 15% 38% 26%

Would you agree to a rise in Council Tax, to put Somerset in line with the national average for a unitary authority, if it led to fewer service cuts and job losses?



Would you agree to a rise in Council Tax, to put Somerset in line with the national average for a unitary authority, if it led to fewer service cuts and job losses? Responses by household income



Fees and charges

In this section we asked if people would agree with a proposal to introduce new charges for services that are currently free in order to cover costs. Most respondents (51%) either strongly agreed or agreed that we should, with around a third (34%) disagreeing or strongly disagreeing.

We also asked if we should consider increasing fees and charges to cover our rising costs. 50% were in favour, with 31% against.

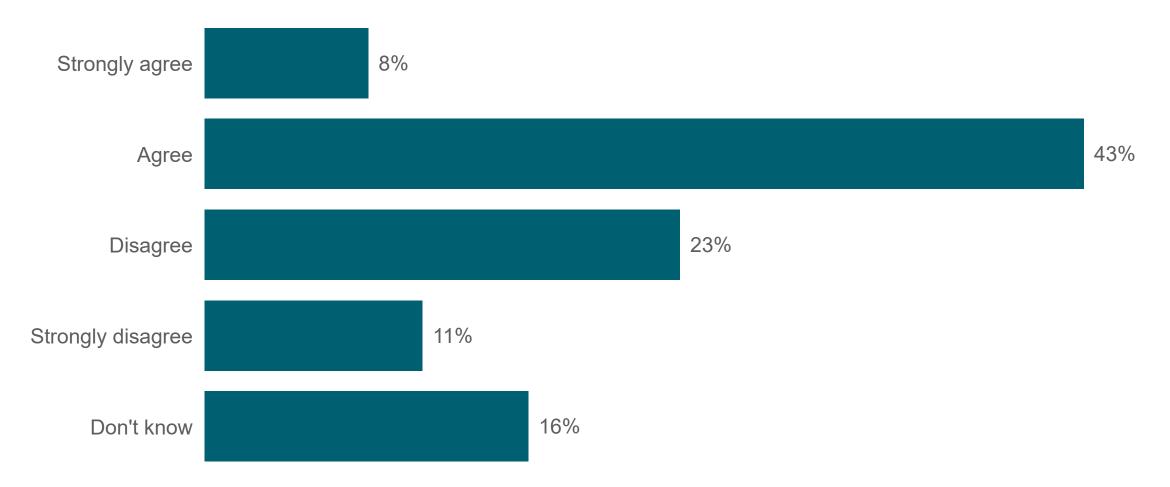
When asked by how much we should raise fees and charges, 5% supported a rise above inflation, 50% in line with inflation, 17% less than inflation, and 19% preferred to see no increase at all.

To cover our rising costs, should the council increase fees and charges?

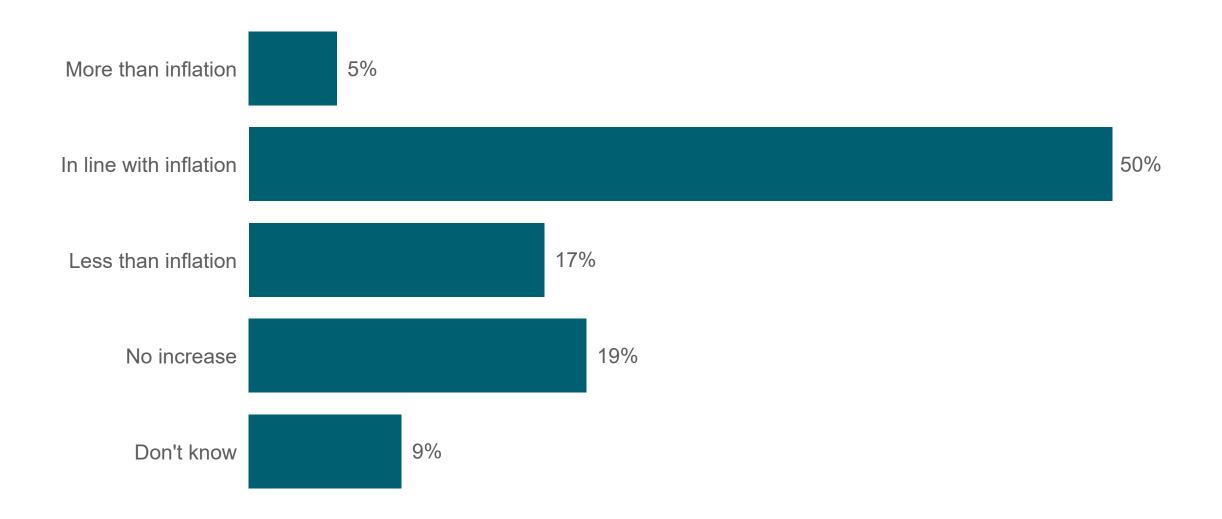




To what extent do you agree or disagree with the proposal to cover the costs of running some local services by introducing new charges for services that are currently free?



How much should the council increase fees and charges?



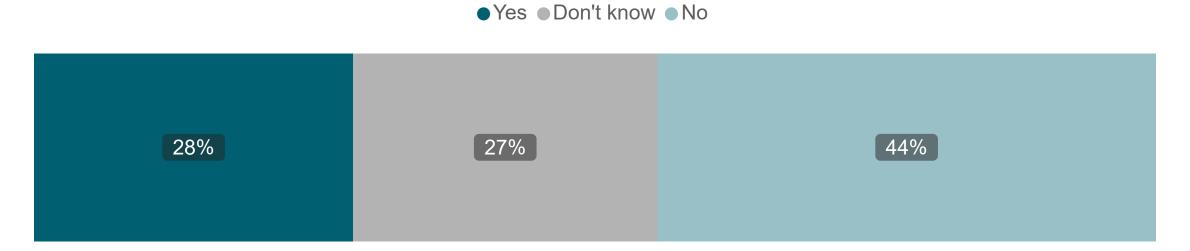
Adults Services

We asked for people's views on whether we should consider making savings to discretionary services within Adults Services. Overall, 28% were in favour, 44% were against.

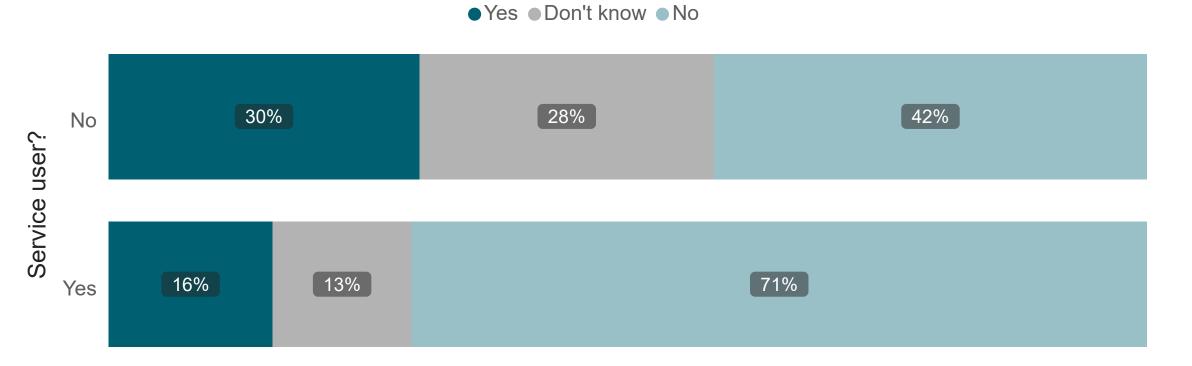
We were also able to break down the results to show responses from people who either currently use Adults Services or have a family member who does. This shows people with direct experience of Adults Services are more likely to be against making savings in this area.



Do you think we should consider making savings to discretionary services within Adults Services? - all respondents



Do you think we should consider making savings to discretionary services within Adults Services? - by whether a service user



Adults Services

We asked: Where could we make savings in this area?

This was a free text section where 28.57% of respondents left a comment, 1,669 comments in total

We analysed the responses and these are the key themes:

- **382 -** Suggested a review of ways of working. This includes assessing need and reviewing contracts, and means testing.
- **234 -** Commented on **staffing and pay**. Some suggestions were to reduce the number of managers or reduce pay, others suggested reducing the number of agency staff.
- 195 Were keen to see no cuts made to this service.
- **173 -** Recommended that **fees and charges** be assessed, including means testing for people receiving care, and charging for some services.
- 112 Proposed stopping non-essential services.
- 108 Stated that the council should stop wasting money in this area.
- **95 -** Believed that savings could be made by **bringing services in house**, particularly the cost of residential care and care staff.
- **86 -** Suggested **reviewing funding streams**, either through charging people for the service they use or by changing how social care is funded.

- **85 -** Expressed that **contracts should be reviewed**, to ensure the council is getting the best value for money with suppliers.
- **70 -** Proposed greater **partnership working**, closer working with the NHS and other partners.
- **65 -** Believed that investing in **preventative measures** would help save money in this service.
- **64 -** Would like the council to **lobby the government** for changes to the way adult social care is funded.
- **53 -** Suggested a way to save costs in this area is by **reducing service levels**, including reducing the amount of care people receive.

Adults Services

We asked: Where could we make savings within this area?

Here is a sample of responses across different themes:

"Not cutting areas but streamlining, looking for better value and not spending money unnecessarily. Need to look at how other councils make savings in this area and copy these if we can. Provide more support for carers to reduce the speed at which people enter care (offer support to stay at home, help family to care for family members). Align transport costs."

"Reduce levels of Management to increase funds to employ more care workers"

"Adult Services shouldn't need to make savings, the work they provide is essential and the government should recognise this and do more to help."

"Overall the council needs to modernise and use its budget and spending appropriately, currently there is too much bureaucracy and over spending and not enough efficiency."

"Spend more on preventative measures to stop future spending. Cutting this now would only make the problem even worse in a few years."

"Improved means testing and charges for care for those that can self fund"

"I think private providers are getting quite rich off the price increases while the council loses out, it's time to change that. maybe the council should stop using private providers and have their own in house service which has a cost model that suits the needs rather than someone else's pockets."

Children and Family Services

Similarly to Adults Services, overall, 26% of respondents were in favour of the Council looking to make savings to discretionary services within Children's Services, with 51% against.

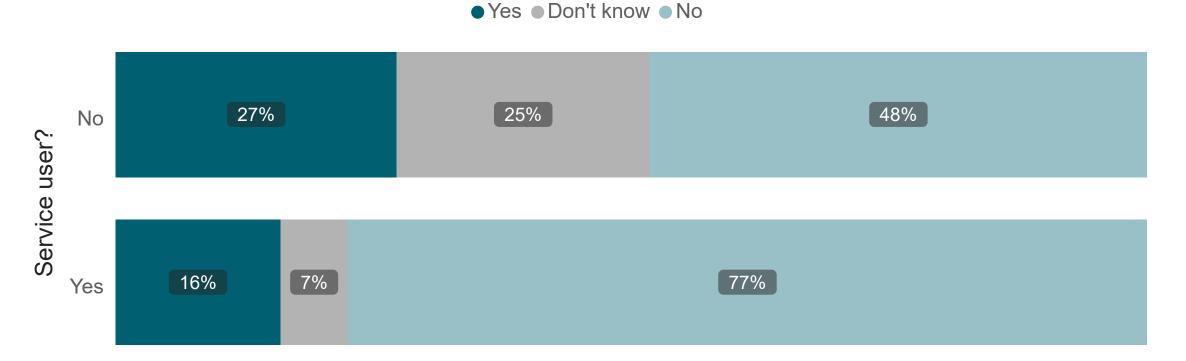
Again, the results show that people with direct experience of Children's Services were more likely to be against making savings in this area.

Do you think we should consider making savings to discretionary services within Children and Family Services? - all respondents

Yes ■ Don't know ■ No



Do you think we should consider making savings to discretionary services within Children and Family Services? - by whether a service user



Children and Family Services

We asked: Where could we make savings in this area?

This was a free text section where 25.42% of respondents left a comment, 1,485 comments in total.

We analysed the responses and these are the key themes:

- **299 -** Suggested that there should be a **review in ways of working**, this might include looking at early prevention methods, reducing how much is spent on a small number of people, finding efficiencies and reviewing contracts with providers.
- 217 Felt that no cuts should be made to this service area.
- **167 -** Expressed that **staffing and pay** needs to be reviewed, fewer managers, and lower pay for senior staff.
- **147 -** Believed that **children's transport** needs to be examined, many respondents said there is huge amount of waste in particular relating to school transport and taxis for children with SEND.
- **99 -** Proposed better investment in **preventative measures**, early help and support for families.
- **94 -** Recommended revising **fees and charges**. Some suggested families who use these services could be charged.
- **91 -** Commented that the council should **stop wasting money** in this service. Many of these comments related to school transport, using agencies and private companies to provide services particularly for care.

- 79 Suggested that all non-essential services should be stopped.
- **67 -** Believed services should be **brought in house**. This might include transport, agency staff and care homes.
- **57 -** Suggested that more rigorous means testing needs to be done and to **review criteria** for who is eligible for support.
- **54 -** Recommended that more **partnership working** takes place. Some of the suggestions are to work more closely with the NHS, Town, Parish and City Councils, and voluntary organisations.

Children and Family Services

We asked: Where could we make savings within this area?

Here is a sample of responses across different themes:

"Improve provision in alternative settings and reduce wasted costs on transport for pupils in alternative provision e.g. private taxi hire. Regulate costs charged by alternative provision settings for pupils not in state education."

"There are a lot of children already struggling due to cuts, again this needs more support not less. These children are our future and should be supported"

"I don't believe there are savings to be made in this sector. In fact, I believe very strongly that teachers are underpaid and underappreciated in our society - investment in children should be our biggest priority, far more so than investing in aged care and the pension."

"We have lost many early help services and losing more will only increase costs in the long term. Prevention is the key to saving costs and doing what is best for children and young people"

"Reduce the number of managers"

"The obscene amont spent getting SEND children to school. Let the parents get them there like everyone else has to."

"Stop sending children to school via taxis."

"By investing in early help and emotion coaching and mental health support for families and young people to reduce the amount of mental health and trauma in children and young people. By following recommendations of the creative health review and supporting more creative wellbeing interventions in schools to allow children and young people to express and process trauma and emotional difficulties. low cost interventions that will save money in long term."

Community Services

In this section we asked if we should continue to fund discretionary Community Services. Overall, the majority (52%) said 'yes', with 18% responding 'no'.

We also asked people to rate Community Services by how important it is that we continue to fund them. The graph shows the services rated most important at the top, with public toilets, parks and beaches, leisure services and pools, and libraries coming out on top.

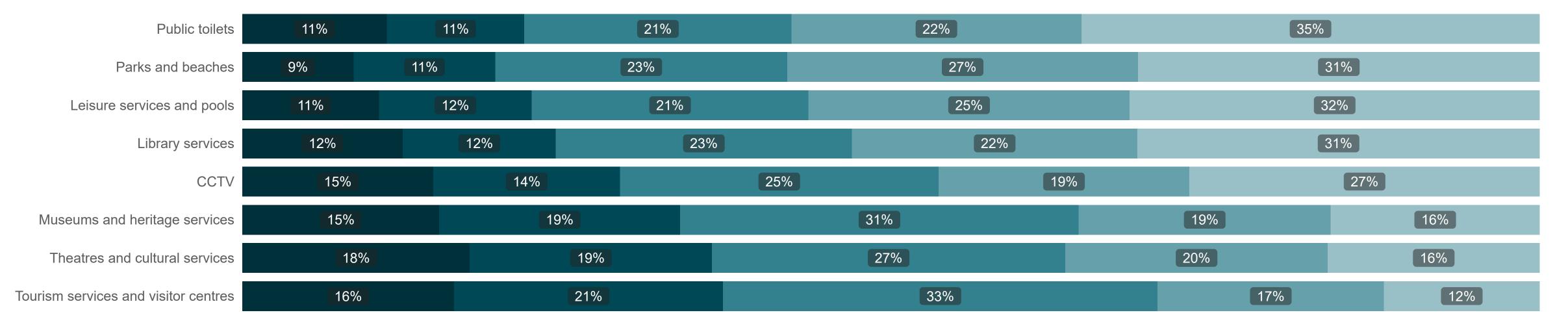
Do you think Somerset Council should continue to fund discretionary Community Services?





How important is it to you that Somerset Council funds the following?

●1 (Least important) ●2 ●3 ●4 ●5 (Most important)



Community Services

We asked: Where could we make savings in this area?

This was a free text section where 25.29% of respondents left a comment, 1,477 comments in total

We analysed the responses and these are the key themes:

- **208 -** Suggested **reviewing ways of working**, these suggestions are in a variety of different ways including reducing opening hours, looking for efficiencies, and using libraries for more services.
- **185 -** Proposed a review of **fees and charges**, with many suggesting charging a fee for some services, making space available for hire in libraries, ensuring museums and theatres are self-sufficient.
- **168 -** Stated that they **do not want cuts** to these services.
- **164 -** Expressed that **services should be reviewed**, some suggested tourism services should be self-sufficient, opening hours reviewed, changes to who manages CCTV.
- 128 Suggested that all non-essential services are stopped.
- **111 -** Believe that **volunteers** could be used further to run services and help make savings in this area.
- 104 Suggested that staffing and pay levels should be reviewed.
- **92 -** Proposed reducing **service levels** to make savings This might be through cutting hours, removing funding to museums and tourist services.

- **92 -** Suggested **alternative funding streams** should be looked at for leisure facilities, theatres and other discretionary services.
- **84 -** Proposed more **partnership working**, particularly for CCTV. Also suggested working more closely with the Voluntary and Community Sector, and private businesses.
- **82 -** Recommended **devolution** for many community services, delegating a lot more to City, Town and Parish Councils.
- 58 Said there should be less money wasted.
- **50 -** Suggested that many of the cultural services should be **self-supporting**, this includes, theatres, museums and leisure facilities.

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Community Services

We asked: Where could we make savings within this area?

Here is a sample of responses across different themes:

"Tell all the various services that you currently support that they are on their own and will have to fund themselves or close. If local businesses want to attract 'tourists' then let them pay to support things that tourists expect to find."

"Reduced opening hours, staffing cuts, closure of selected services dependant on equity of distribution across the county (rural services prioritised as much as towns). Merging of services/staff where possible e.g. museum and library/theatre etc."

"Higher parking charges in some areas eg for theatres and beaches"

"The Libraries are an absolute godsend for my mental health and my wellbeing. I would be lost without them in my community. The staff are what make a library a warm and welcoming space. Long may they continue.

Swimming pool facilities are not required where I live, there is 2 private pools in the town, why would you need to go to a pool elsewhere with this service so close?"

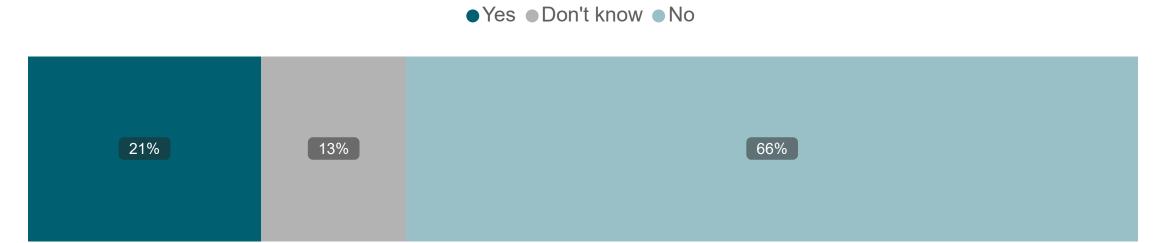
"Parks and gardens could be done by the Town and Parish councils. There are teams doubling up in some areas which seems crazy. CCTV should be managed by the police not a council."

"Pass on responsibility locally to parish/town Councils who can budget accordingly with no restrictions on their precept"

"Savings in this sector will have a detrimental impact on the quality of life in Somerset that cannot be reversed. Museums and heritage deserve to be funded and supported even at this time of financial hardship. They cost very little in the overall budget context."

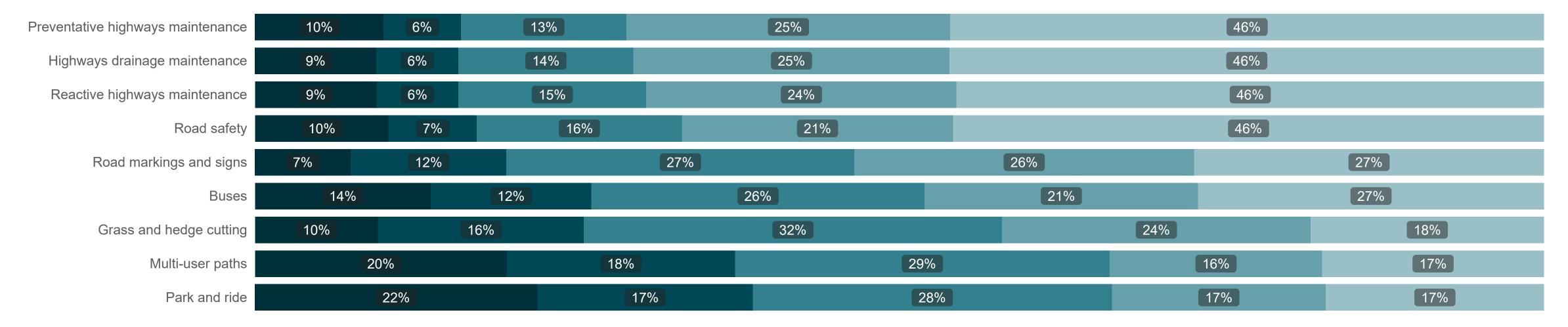
We asked if we should consider making savings to discretionary services within highways and public transport. A clear majority (66%) responded 'no' with just 21% responding 'yes'.

We also asked people to rate services by importance. The graph shows these in order with strong support for highways maintenance services. Do you think we should consider making savings to discretionary services within highways and public transport?



How important are these services to you?





This section provides data about how satisfied people are with current highways maintenance service levels. More than half (54%) of respondents are either very dissatisfied or dissatisfied with current levels, with (18%) satisfied or very satisfied.

We also asked what impact any reductions to highways maintenance would have on respondents and their communities. Big majorities felt this would have a negative impact on both themselves (74%) and their communities (81%).

Both results correspond with the concerns section of the survey, with condition of roads and pavements being the top concern of respondents. People were also concerned about the cleanliness of streets and public transport.

In this section we also asked how often people use buses. 18% of respondents said they currently use buses regularly (at least monthly), while 37% said they never use buses. We know from the free text section that we had many comments about public transport, with many people saying they would use buses if there were more services.

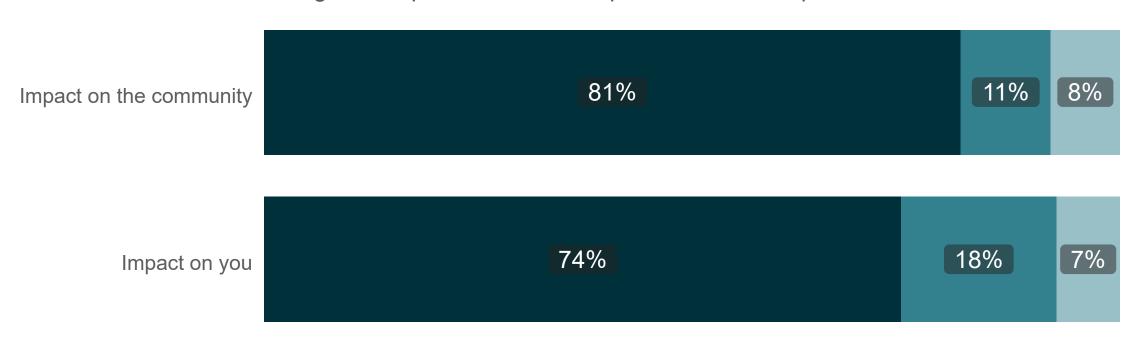
How satisfied are you with current highway maintenance service levels?

● Very Dissatisfied ● Dissatisfied ● Neither satisfied/nor dissatisfied ● Satisfied ● Very satisfied

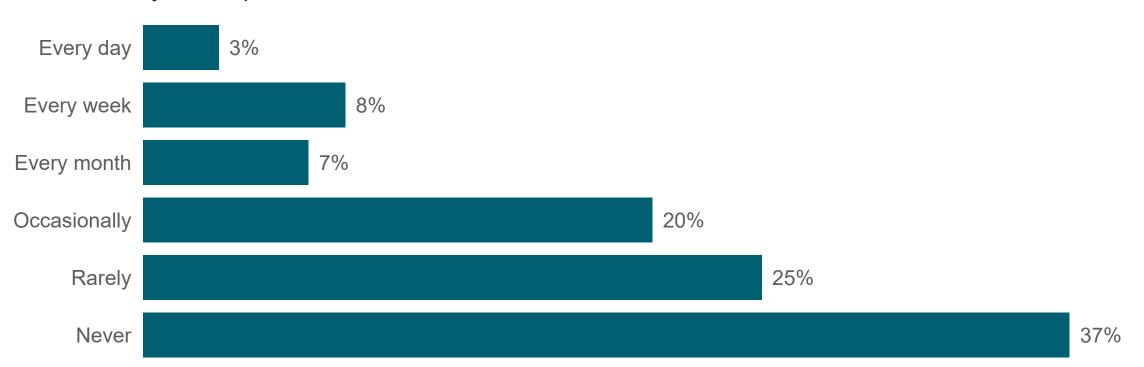


What impact do you think reducing highways maintenance would have on you and your community?

Negative impact
Little/ no impact
Positive impact



How often do you use public buses in Somerset?



We asked: Where could we make savings in this area?

This was a free text section where 31.60% of respondents left a comment, 1,846 comments in total.

We analysed the responses and these are the key themes:

- **464 -** Commented that the current **public transport** service is already stretched and not enough people use it but suggested this is due to a poor service. Many felt that bus services should not be reduced.
- **404 -** Suggested that there should be a **review in ways of working**, this could include reviewing contracts, improving pothole repairs, reducing the number of large highways projects, using smaller buses.
- **255 -** Stated their preference is there should be **no cuts to funding** in this area.
- **227 -** Recommended that there should be **investment in preventative measures** to help reduce long term costs.
- **212 -** Suggested **reviewing service levels.** This could be through using small vehicles but with more frequency, turning off street lights earlier, stopping giving out free bus passes, reducing hedge and grass cutting.
- **202 -** Proposed **increasing fees and charges**, this could be charges for the park and ride, or removing concessionary travel and introducing means testing.
- **108 -** Believe that the council should **stop wasting money**, this may be in large road projects, poor road repairs and staffing levels.

- **104 -** Suggested **managing contracts** could be improved, holding the contractors and utility companies responsible for poor repairs.
- **100 -** Identified **grass cutting** as an area where savings could be made.
- **93 -** Recommended **being proactive** rather than reactive with highways maintenance resulting in longer term savings.
- **76 -** Expressed views that **staffing and pay** should be reviewed, reducing the number of staff and councillors.
- **66 -** Suggested a **review of funding streams** should be undertaken, some suggest public transport should be funded nationally, grass and hedge cutting to be devolved or the responsibility of landowners.
- **58 -** Recommended **stopping all non-essential spending** and only providing statutory services.

We asked: Where could we make savings within this area?

Here is a sample of responses across different themes:

"Charge more for the Park and Ride. Public transport is dire at the moment. Towns like Yeovil are completely disconnected from Taunton and Ilminster. We need to keep the climate agenda front and foremost and improve the quality of public transport, not diminish it. Let towns manage their own road budgets."

"I don't use the bus as its too expensive and infrequent but we are a rural area and we need more buses that are affordable not less especially for the you g and elderly"

"I really want to be able to use the buses more, but can't rely on them, and can't easily get to where I need to go on them. Improving bus provision would save money in other areas."

"Please, please don't cut bus services, we are a rural county and need to enhance the bus services to reduce single-occupancy car use."

"By being more proactive rather than having to repair when there is a problem, improve drainage as this has a massive impact on local people particularly."

"Reduce size of busses. Use of mini busses. Make service more on call."

"Should bus passes be free? What if you asked for a voluntary contribution to a bus pass?"

"Ask Parish Councils to contribute financially towards the upkeep of their communities in terms of highway/sign/line/ maintenance and road safety"

Waste Services

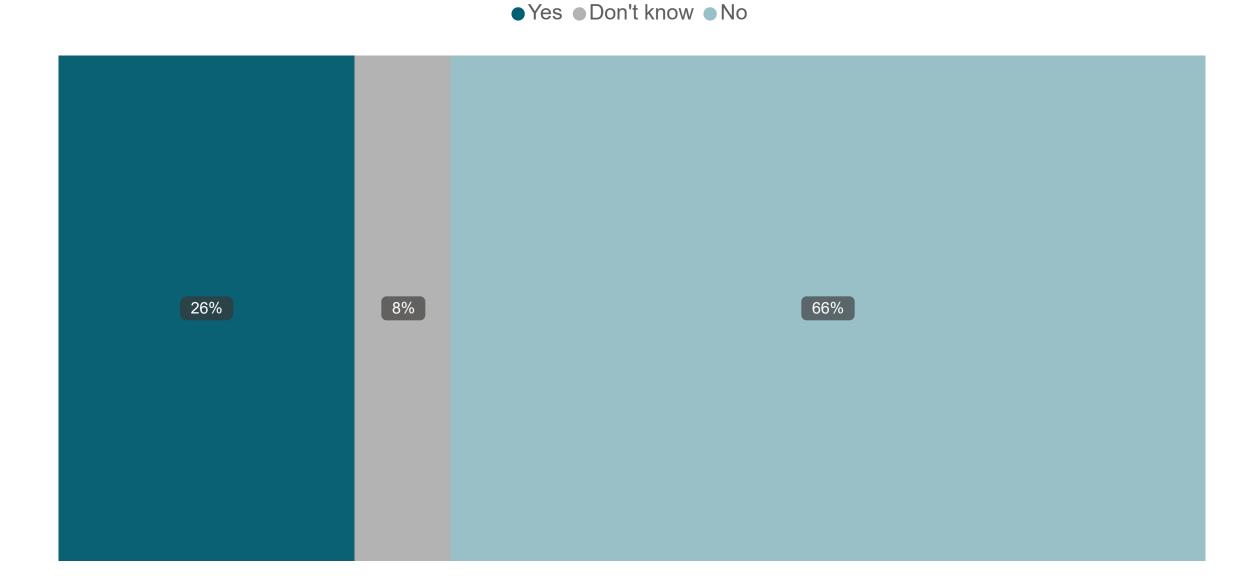
Overall respondents were supportive of waste services, and as noted earlier, a very large proportion of respondents (4,840 people) said they had used recycling centres in the past 12 months.

When asked if we should consider making savings to waste services, 66% voted 'no'.

A large majority (79%) were against any proposal to reduce the number of household waste recycling centres. However, there was more support for a proposal to reduce opening hours, with 48% in favour and 43% against.

Overall, there was strong support (67%) for a proposal to introduce a permit system so only Somerset residents can use Somerset recycling centres.

Do you think we should consider making savings to waste services?

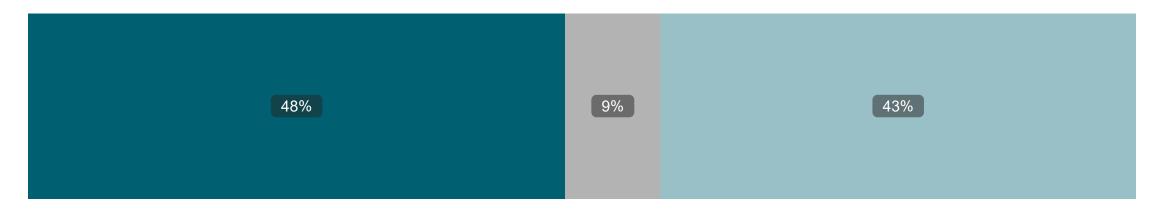


Would you support a proposal to reduce the number of household waste recycling centres?





Would you support a proposal to reduce opening hours at household recycling centres?



Would you support a proposal to introduce a permit to restrict waste collected at our recycling centres to Somerset residents only?





Waste Services

We asked: Where could we make savings in this area?

This was a free text section where 33.44% of respondents left a comment, 1,953 comments in total.

We analysed the responses and these are the key themes:

- 659 Felt that there should not be any cuts made in waste services.
- **336 -** Suggested that **charges** could be introduced for some services, such as using recycling centres and increase the **fees** for green waste bins. Others expressed concern that introducing charges would increase fly tipping.
- **314 -** Proposed **reviewing ways of working**, this could be using bags instead of boxes, reducing the regularity of collections and promoting the reuse shops at recycling centres.
- **229 -** Recommended **reviewing opening hours at recycling centres**, many suggesting the reducing opening hours.
- 157 Felt that having fewer waste collections would be a way to reduce costs.
- **122 -** Stated that services should be **limited to Somerset residents only** and Somerset could follow other councils by introducing permits.
- **97 -** Suggested a number of ways to reduce costs by **reducing the service level**, these include changes to collection frequency and reduced opening hours at recycling sites.

- **92 -** Proposed **increasing education** about waste and recycling, to reduce the amount of waste created by households.
- **64 -** Recommended looking for cheaper alternatives to the current **recycling bins**.
- **58 -** Expressed views that **staffing and pay** could be reviewed, some suggested that there are too many staff at recycling centres, others suggested reducing pay and having fewer.
- **57 -** Believe that more could be done with the **refuse shops** at recycling centres.
- **56 -** Suggested **simplifying waste collections**, some people believe there should be fewer boxes and bins, some have suggested it all goes in one bin and get sorted elsewhere.
- **52 -** Recommended **generating additional income** via selling goods at refuse sites.
- **51 -** Think that there should be an **increase in prosecution** for people fly tipping or not recycling.

Waste Services

We asked: Where could we make savings within this area?

Here is a sample of responses across different themes:

"Very tough to do anything much as the cost of dealing with fly tipping will likely outweigh any savings."

"Charge non-residents Charge for items that incur larger fees to dispose of, maybe have a sliding scale of charges for large items."

"Recycling collections every 2 weeks rather than every week, non recyclable collection every 3 weeks rather than every 2."

"Reduce hours open. Do not charge for the larger recycling centres, as risk of more fly tipping. Maybe bring back in shops in the recycling centres to sell goods, like was previously done and is still done in Devon county. This could be a money maker for the council?"

"I'm surprised that recycling centres aren't permit controlled. They are in many other areas. The current service isn't stopping people from fly tipping, it's a real problem in the rural areas"

"Any attempt to reduce access to recycling centres or introduce charges will only lead to more fly tipping. The only options for savings are by reducing household recycling and simplifying all the different collections but this would not be good for the environment."

"Higher charges for fly tipping"

"Bring the service 'in house' with Council employee's running the sites, you cannot sub contract a service and save money."

Generating additional income

We asked: Do you have any suggestions for how the council can generate additional income?

This was a free text section where 44.22% of respondents left a comment, 2,583 comments in total.

We analysed the responses and these are the key themes:

- **592 -** Suggested we should look at the levels of **staffing and pay** across the council, many recommended having fewer managers and lowering the pay of senior staff.
- **522 -** Recommended that **fees and charges** should be increased, these included parking fees, garden waste collection charges, and suggestions for higher council tax for second homes. There were also suggestions to introduce small fees for some services that are currently free.
- **498 -** Stated that changes should be made to general **ways of working**, this could be looking at how to run services more efficiently and increase productivity, selling assets, or reviewing who is supported.
- **312 -** Expressed views that the council should **sell assets** to help balance the budget, some suggestions that there are too many offices, and these could be sold.
- **270 -** Suggestions about **wasting less money**, being more selective about future projects and not letting contractors charge inflated prices and get good value for money.
- **143 -** Proposed **renting out council owned buildings** such as office blocks to generate income.

- **129 -** Specified that the council should look for more **commercial ways to generate income**, through advertising on council land, renting property, charging for services or introducing a tourist tax.
- **127 -** Recommended that all **non-essential spending should stop**, this would include all discretionary services such as tourist information centres, swimming pools and theatres.
- **106 -** Stated that we should be **lobbying the government** for more support and to look at local council funding streams. Some suggestions that social care should be centrally funded.
- **103 -** Suggested that by **investing in local towns** more income could be generated in the local area through tourism and making Somerset a more desirable place to live.
- **198 -** Recommended that the council takes a **proactive approach to cost management**; reducing staff, looking for more cost effective suppliers, look for savings like fewer street lights and more staff working from home.
- **82 -** Expressed that they would like services to be **brought in house**, particularly adult social care, children's care and using fewer contract workers.

Generating additional income

- **73 -** Proposed a greater level of **partnership working**, this could include working with the Police for CCTV provision, the NHS for social care and devolution to parish councils.
- **72 -** Shared concern that **Unitary** had not brought the level of savings that were originally expected.
- 69 Suggested that Councillor allowances be reduced.
- **67 -** Indicated that the council should increase income via **Business rates**, some suggested this could be done by reducing business rates others suggested investment in towns would encourage more businesses to the area.
- **64 -** Thought that increasing **parking charges** in certain places like beaches would be beneficial. Others suggested that reducing or removing parking charges in some areas would help with town centre footfall.
- **59 -** Commented on **active travel and public transport**, many said public transport should be increased and improved, specifically buses and more work to encourage more people to use them.
- **57 -** Recommended reducing the **number of Councillors**.
- **54 -** Expressed views that **Council Tax on second homes should be increased**.
- 53 Stated that the council should not make any cuts.
- **53 -** Suggested **reducing the levels of service**, this could be via reduced opening hours of certain amenities such as recycling centres or by reducing benefits and social care support.

There were many other comments that included suggestions to increase Council Tax, devolve assets and services to City, Town and Parish councils, using volunteers and selling council expertise externally.

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Generating additional income

We asked: Do you have any suggestions for how the council can generate additional income?

Here is a sample of responses across different themes:

"Cut top salary jobs. No need to have such highly paid positions"

"A tourist tax. They do this on the continent. It is accepted there. It will help pay for some of the services they use, and the high standard we try to have."

"Look at venues with the potential to become hire facilities as well. Hiring out a cost per hour office space/rooms for people who may need somewhere to work from in this hybrid era. Can Council property assets have the potential to take in another service such as a library and this then allows the building to be closed."

"sell the land and properties you do not use. stop wasting money on needless things, look at what you actually spend, be more resourceful with people, time and costs"

"Central Government need to fund local councils properly. Keep Social care separate from other services as its always the most costly and other services suffer. Adult and children's social care and mental health should be a completely separate entity from local Councils."

"Bring care workers back under county control to avoid high agency fees"

"It's not so much as generating more income but using the income and resources more effectively and efficiently."

"Continued/increased recovery of unpaid debts, particularly council tax"

"Increase the Council tax above the rate of 4.99% WITH agreement from central government if they are unable to fund services properly."

"There is as wealth of knowledge amongst council employees. Could some of this be utilised in offering Training and information to local private sector for a fee?"

"Ask for voluntary donations at places such as the recycling centre and the library"

"Higher Council Tax on Air BNB, second home, holiday lets and second homes."

"Do not waste money on a massive refurbishment of the theatre in Yeovil, it can be done up much cheaper than was planned."

"Have more events in Vivary park (and our green spaces) to bring in tourism - advertising more widely. Bringing people from outide the area. Creating a town centre festival to draw people in."

Further comments

We asked: If you have any further comments you wish to make please write them in the box below.

This was a free text section where 31.69% of respondents left a comment, 1,851 comments in total.

We analysed the responses and these are the key themes:

- 337 Believed that no cuts to funding should be made.
- 289 Expressed that ways of working should be reviewed.
- **278 -** Felt that **staffing and pay** should be assed, many felt there are too many managers, that senior staff should be paid less and there should be fewer agency staff and fewer consultants.
- **180 -** Suggested the council should **stop wasting money**. Many of these comments related to large building projects, roads and infrastructure projects, efficient ways of working and staffing.
- **162 -** Suggested **reviewing spending** would assist with making savings, some suggestions were reviewing contracts, staffing, and reducing services.
- **160 -** Comments about **Council Tax**. These comments were a mixture of suggestions to raise council tax or people saying they do not want to see council tax raised.
- **127 -** Made statements about **unitary**, many suggest the savings that were expected have not been found.
- **115 -** Suggested **supporting the local community**, this could be through improved town centres, public transport, supporting young people and promoting the area.

- **93 -** Recommended increasing **fees and charges**, including parking, waste and introducing fees for some services which are currently free.
- **88 -** Expressed a view that the council should be doing more to **lobby the government**.
- 77 Believe that despite the savings that are needed it was important to **protect vulnerable people**.
- 58 Commented that they wish for more transparency in council spending.

Further comments

We asked: If you have any further comments you wish to make please write them in the box below.

Here is a sample of responses across different themes:

"All councils need to operate as a business with adequate structure in place to prevent wasted time and money. They need to stop using inefficient contractors just because they are cheaper - this often results in works having to be redone in a short period of time, so not cost effective."

"Use local litter groups to help you - a call for action would be great - we can help make our towns a better place. The state of verges on main roads are dreadful. And stop cutting grass before litter is collected. Every year I complain and am told it is collected first only to see verges covered in shredded litter."

"Do the salaries of Somerset Council employees really reflect the effectiveness of their positions? i.e. how many are high earners? Is this essential when services are having to be cut instead?"

"Its unfair to keep putting up the council tax especially on young families and single people and cutting back on services. It is so unfair on those that work who have next to nothing left after paying their bills."

"I don't think you should have made yourselves a unitary council, I feel this was somewhat short sighted"

"I encourage the Council to challenge Westminster and to not be afraid to make its case publicly. If Somerset Councillors stand up and expose the double standards and hypocrisy of central government they can demonstrate leadership in the sector, bringing other Councils along to demand a fair deal from the tax revenue in the UK"

Feedback provided via social media

We have captured feedback gathered via social media channels, this includes; Facebook, X (formerly known as Twitter), LinkedIn, Nextdoor and Instagram

In total we received 353 comments directly on posts about the budget consultation and have split these into the following categories:

- **37 -** Expressed views that staff salaries / pensions / redundancy payouts should be reduced
- **33 -** Expressed views that the financial situation Somerset is facing is due to mismanagement
- **14 -** Suggested council is wasting money / not being efficient in the ways it spends money
- 14 Expressed views that unitary negatively impacted finances
- **12 -** Expressed frustration about paying more for fewer services
- 83 Other
- 165 Not relevant political, not service related or just ongoing discussion from other comments etc

Feedback provided via email

We also received 17 emails relating to the budget consultation and have split these into the following categories:

- **7 -** Expressed concerns about fly tipping if recycling sites were closed
- **5 -** Expressed views that savings could be made by looking at specific schemes and services e.g. Octagon / Yeovil Refresh / Highways works
- **3 -** Expressed concerns about the impacts of closing public toilets
- **3 -** Expressed concerns about the negative impact on health and wellbeing if the Yeovil Athletics Track is closed
- 2 Expressed concerns about the impact on parks if no longer locked in the evening
- **1 -** Expressed frustration about paying more for less services
- 1 Expressed views/concerns that they either won't or can't pay for higher council tax
- **1 -** Feedback on rural public transport
- 1 Expressed concern over library closures

